2014 Louisiana Forestry Facts*

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How much forestland does Louisiana have?

Forests cover 14 million acres, about 50% of Louisiana's land area, making it the state's greatest single land use. Fifty-nine of the state's 64 parishes contain land capable of producing sufficient timber to support forest-industry activities as well as provide habitat for wildlife, recreational opportunity, scenic beauty, and all the other environmental benefits timberlands provide.

Who owns Louisiana's forestland?

There are 148,000 owners of Louisiana forestland. Private non-industrial landowners own 81% of the state's forestland, forest products industries own 10% and the public owns 9%.

Trees are Louisiana's No. 1 crop.

In 2013, forestry accounted for 39% of the total value of all plant commodities grown in Louisiana, including cotton, feed grain crops, fruit, soybeans, sugarcane, and others. When you look at total value of Louisiana plant and animal commodities—beef, milk, poultry plus farm wildlife and fisheries—forestry contributes 25% of the value of Louisiana's agricultural commodities. Timber is manufactured by local mills throughout Louisiana into building materials, a variety of paper products and numerous other products used in daily life. **Do we put the trees back?**

Louisiana landowners (industrial and non-industrial) reforest the land each year with over 73 million seedlings, at least 16 trees for each Louisiana citizen (official state population of 4.6 million).

What is the economic value of forestry to Louisiana?

The impact of forestry and forest-products industries on our economy in 2013 was \$4.2 billion*, up 1.3% from last year. It was \$2.8 billion in 2012 and \$3 billion in 2011, slightly down from the \$3.1 billion in 2010. It was \$2.5 billion in 2009 and less than \$3.3 billion in 2008. Other recent figures were \$4.22 billion in 2007, \$5.3 billion in 2004,\$3.7 billion in 2003 and \$3.8 billion in 2002. In 1998 it hit a high of \$5.4 billion and in 1997 it was \$5.3 billion.

How much timber does Louisiana harvest?

In 2013, 991 million board feet of sawtimber and 6.3 million cords of wood were harvested compared to 872 million board feet of sawtimber in 2012 and 828.6 million board feet of sawtimber and 5.8 million cords of wood in 2011. There were 811.9 million board feet of sawtimber and 6.3 million cords of wood harvested in 2010. It was 710 million board feet of sawtimber and 6.1 million cords of wood in 2009. Other recent figures were 908 million board feet of sawtimber and 6.6 million cords of wood in 2008, 1.2 billion board feet of sawtimber and 6.5 million cords of wood in 2007, 1.4 billion board feet of sawtimber and 7 million cords of wood in 2006 and 1.2 billion board feet of sawtimber and 6.5 million cords of wood harvested in 2005.

What is landowner income from forestry?

Louisiana forest landowners received \$425 million in 2013 compared to \$377.3 million in 2012 and \$379.9 million in 2011. The landowner income was 396.8 million in 2010. It was \$338.9 million in 2009. It was \$471.2 million in 2008, \$558 million in 2007 and \$669 million in 2006, \$582 million in 2005, \$593 million in 2004 and \$605 million in 2003. Other totals in recent years were:

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1998		\$744 million		1997	\$610.3 million
2000		\$655 million		1999	\$680 million
2002		\$573 million		2001	\$519 million

How much do woods workers earn from timber?

Louisiana timber contractors and their employees earned \$456.6 million in 2013 up from\$386.6 million in 2012. This figure compared to \$420.5 million in 2011. It was \$426.6 million in 2010, \$381.4 million in 2009 and \$487.9 million in 2008. This was down from \$534 million in 2007. They were paid \$592 million in 2006. In 2005, they made \$519 million. Other figures include:

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2004	\$441.7 million	2001	\$373 million	
2003	\$349 million	2000	\$404 million	
2002	\$423 million.	1999	\$397 million	
It is estimated that	t each loaded log truck	pays the equivalent of \$835 in	local state and federal ta	ive

It is estimated that each loaded log truck pays the equivalent of \$835 in local, state and federal taxes.

How many Louisiana industries depend directly on forests?

Louisiana's forests support some 180 primary wood-using industries (such as sawmills and paper mills) located throughout the state and 750 secondary wood-using industries (including furniture manufacturers, cabinet makers, millwork plants and others that use the products produced by primary wood-using industries).

How many people do Louisiana's forest industries employ?

Forest industries are the second largest manufacturing employer in Louisiana, providing about 12,917 (2nd Qu 2013) compared to13,052 in 2012. But the total was 15,924 in 2008. We expect this trend to change as several new markets plan to open in the state. In addition, people are employed in the harvesting and transportation of timber and related industries.

How much do Louisiana citizens earn from forest-products manufacturing jobs?

Workers employed in forest products manufacturing earned \$750.4 million in 2013 compared to \$742.8 million in 2012. It was \$731.2 million in 2011 and \$670.8 million in 2010, \$680 million in 2009 and \$774.8 million in 2008. This compares to \$864 million in 2007 and \$900 million in 2006.

State and local governments benefit directly from timber revenues.

Severance taxes from timber sales totaled \$12.76 million in 2013 compared to \$12.07 million in 2012, which was down from \$12.1 million in 2011. It was \$13.6 million in 2010. Severance taxes paid in 2009 were \$12.6 million and \$14.6 million in 2008. In 2007 the severance tax was \$16 million,\$19.6 million in 2006, \$15.9 million in 2005, \$15.1 million in 2004 and \$17.5 million in 2003. The 2003 figure was up from \$16.4 million in 2002. In 2001, severance tax was \$18.6 million and in 2000 severance taxes amounted to \$18.6 million. Severance taxes were \$20.8 million in 1999, an increase from \$18.5 million in 1998, and \$16.8 million in 1997. Parishes where the timber was grown received 75% of the monies; the state's general fund received the remaining 25% with a portion of the funds allotted to landowner cost share help for replanting.

Louisiana's timberlands are drawing new markets to the state.

The new biofuels and wood pellets industries have announced plans to come to the state. There are 2 biofuels businesses (Cool Planet and Sundrop) and at least three pellet industries (Drax, German Pellets and Biomass Secure Power)expected to open soon.

*Sources: Louisiana Forestry Association, Louisiana Dept. of Agriculture and Forestry, LSU AgCenter and the Louisiana Department of Employment and Training. For more information, call the Louisiana Forestry Association at (318) 443-2558.

* DOES NOT INCLUDE VALUE ADDED.